



Task Vacation

 1.2 sec.  512 MB

Anton and his friends are planning a vacation together. They have already chosen the location; however, the dates are harder to agree on.

All N friends have submitted in advance the days they plan to take off work. Friend i originally scheduled their time off from day L_i to day R_i , inclusive. To maximize the time they can spend together, each friend may adjust their time off by shifting it earlier or later. Specifically, the i -th friend can choose an integer d_i and move their time off to the interval $[L_i + d_i, R_i + d_i]$. A positive d_i means taking time off later than originally planned, a negative d_i means earlier, and $d_i = 0$ means keeping the original schedule.

The friends recognize that their bosses will not like the disruption caused by their changes. Therefore, they will only move their days off in a way such that the total movement of the intervals does not exceed some integer K . Formally, they have to satisfy $|d_0| + |d_1| + \dots + |d_{N-1}| \leq K$.

Help the friends figure out the maximum number of days **all of them** can be together if they change their schedules optimally.



Implementation details

You should implement the function `plan_vacation`:

```
int plan_vacation(int N, std::vector<int> L, std::vector<int> R,  
                 long long K)
```

- N : the number of friends
- L : a vector of N positive integers, each of which denotes the first day off originally scheduled for that friend;
- R : a vector of N positive integers, each of which denotes the last day off originally scheduled for that friend;
- K : the maximum allowed value of $|d_0| + |d_1| + \dots + |d_{N-1}|$.

This function will be called once for each test. It has to return the maximum number of days all friends can be together or 0 if that isn't possible at all.



Constraints

- $1 \leq N \leq 500\,000$
- $1 \leq L_i \leq R_i \leq 10^9$
- $0 \leq K \leq 10^{18}$



Subtasks

Subtask	Points	Required subtasks	Additional constraints
0	0	—	The example.
1	7	—	$K = 0$
2	11	1	$K \leq 1$
3	6	—	$K = 10^{18}$
4	13	0	$N \leq 10^4, L_i \leq 10, R_i \leq 10$
5	18	0	$N \leq 10^3$
6	29	0, 4, 5	$N \leq 10^5$
7	16	0 – 6	—



Example

Consider the following call:

```
plan_vacation(3, {1, 5, 2}, {3, 9, 5}, 3)
```

The friends have requested the following intervals of days off: $[1, 3]$, $[5, 9]$, $[2, 5]$. Therefore, friend 0 can move their time off to 2 days later and friend 1 their time off to 1 day earlier to get $[3, 5]$, $[4, 8]$, $[2, 5]$. Then, all friends would be available on day 4 and day 5, which results in 2 days in common. It can be proven that they can't do better with $K = 3$. Therefore, the function should return 2.



Sample grader

The input format is the following:

- line 1: two integers – the values of N and K .
- lines 2 to $N + 1$: two integers – L_i and R_i .

The output format is the following:

- line 1: one integer – the return value of the call.